

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

INFORMATION REPORT

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THE SOURCE EVALUATIONS IN THIS REPORT ARE DEFINITIVE.
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1. The strength of NAW SENG's force has been increased to between 4,000 and 5,000 men in recent months by the transfer of 3,000 men from the command of LI Ch'eng-fang's (2621/2052/5364) 14 Army, 4 Army Group of the Chinese Communist Army in Yunnan. As a result of this increase, NAW SENG has reorganized his force to include the 13, 14, and 15 regiments.
2. Until mid-December, the command headquarters of NAW SENG's force was at Pang Ling village.¹ At that time, the Pang Ling forces had 2 heavy-machine guns, 2 mortars, and 2 flame throwers. Located at Pang Ling were:
 - a. one machine cannon (sic) squadron of over 100 men.
 - b. one transport squadron of over 70 mules and more than 100 men.
 - c. a force of 400, trained in espionage, under the command of a Kachin.
3. The strength of NAW SENG's 13 Regiment is 1,100 men. It is commanded by K'an Pan (0974/2647). Over 600 men of this regiment have been located at Nyaungthaung and 500 have been located at Loiwing (N 23-48, E 97-45).
4. The strength of NAW SENG's 14 Regiment is 1,400 men who are led by an old Burman. About 1,000 of these troops have been undergoing training at Mangshih (N 24-27, E 98-35), and the balance are being trained at Chefang (N 24-15, E 98-18).
5. The 15 Regiment is made up of over 1,000 troops commanded by K'un T'un (0981/0691). Over 500 of these men are located at Mongmao² and 500 are located at Lungch'uan (N 24-20, E 97-55).

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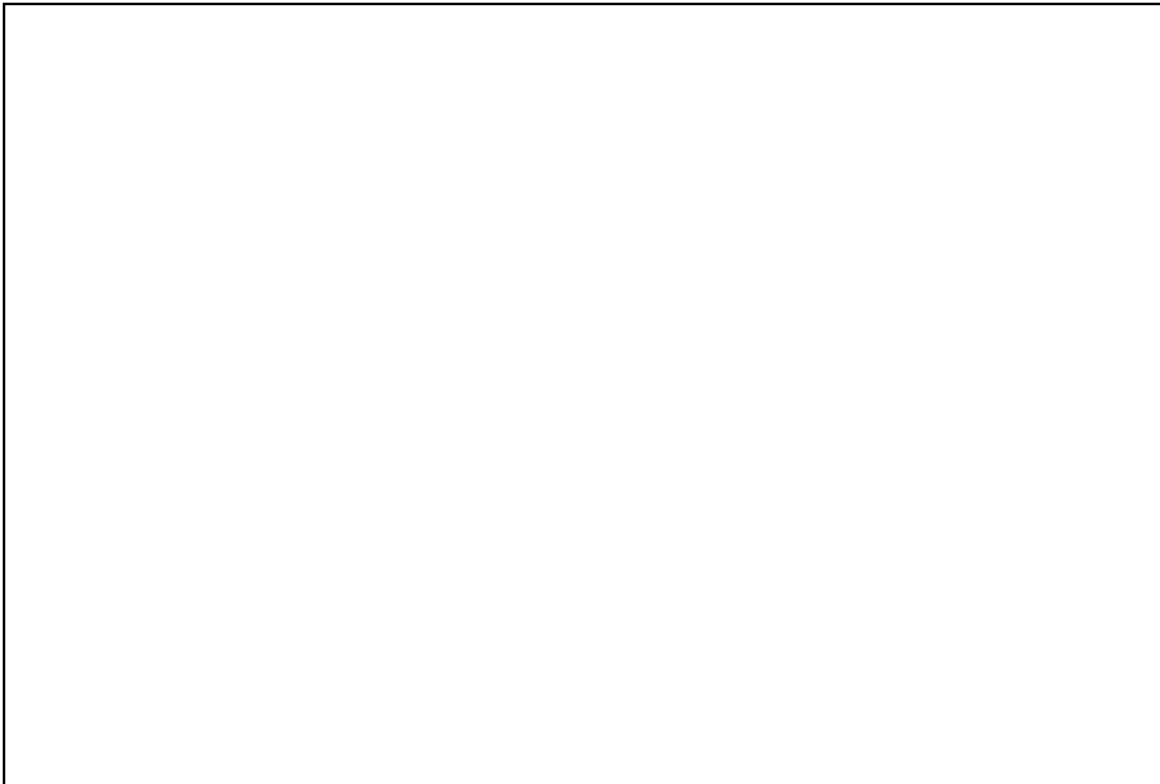
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- 2 -



6. There is a direct telephone line between NAW SENG's headquarters at Pang Ling and the command headquarters of the Chinese Communist 41 Division⁵ and the command headquarters of the 121 Regiment at Mengnao.⁴
7. On 5 December 1952 NAW SENG's 14 Regiment gathered at Mangshih and were told that they would be proceeding immediately to Lungling (N 24-34, E 98-42) en route to T'engch'ung (N 25-01, E 98-29) and Paoshan (N 25-07, E 99-09) for training. NAW SENG departed with this regiment and has now established his headquarters in Koo Yone⁷ village.⁶ Since his departure from the Mengnao-Pang Ling area, the troops left in that area⁶ have been put under the command of NI Kong Tan aka MA Sha.⁷
8. Three of NAW SENG's subordinates stationed with the 122 Regiment of the Chinese Communist 41 Division in Manyunkai,⁸ 50 miles northeast of Bhamo, are responsible for dispatching agents to the Bhamo-Myitkyina area of North Burma.
9. In April 1953 NAW SENG ordered four men to be sent from Manyunkai to Nanti (N 25-01, E 97-01). They followed the rail line from Manyunkai to a village area about 10 miles from Manyunkai⁹ and collected over 200 men. This group has now entered a village near Kasa¹⁰ and has made contact with the Burma Communist Party and Communist Party Burma insurgents.
10. In early March, NAW SENG sent 70 men into Burma. They were convoyed to the Burma border by elements of the 122 Regiment of the Chinese Communist 41 Division. This group clashed with a Chinese Nationalist element under the command of Colonel WANG Ch'ing-shu (3769/7230/2579)¹¹ and inflicted a number of casualties on the Nationalist unit.
11. Another of NAW SENG's subordinates is raiding in the northeastern part of the Kachin State with a group of armed Kachins who have been sent across the border by the communists.¹² Elements of this group have infiltrated and caused a split in a Kachin Self-Defense Unit¹³ which had been actively opposing the guerrillas in the Muse-Namkham area. One part of the unit is now fighting the guerrillas and also killing any Chinese whom they can capture.

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